

# CABINET FINISH

1. The finest maple wood is sanded until smooth and vacuumed.
2. An equalizer stain is applied to balance the base color of the wood.
3. A toner is then applied to establish color uniformity.
4. A deep penetrating stain is then applied to reveal the hidden beauty of the natural grain.
5. All stained surfaces are then hand-rubbed and wiped of excess stain, and then slowly air-dried.
6. A wood sealer is then applied, penetrating all exposed wood surfaces for uniform protection.
7. All surfaces are then hand-sanded, providing a smooth, consistent surface.
8. A glaze is applied by hand (if applicable).
9. A color consistency examination is performed with additional touch-up if needed.
10. A final protective top coat is applied, maximizing resistance to scuffing, moisture, fading and most household chemicals.

## THE BEAUTY OF REAL WOOD CABINETRY

Maple is a strong, fine-grained wood that is mainly off-white in color, although it may contain light hues of yellow-brown or pink. It may also contain natural imperfections which add character and uniqueness to the wood.



## WOOD CHARACTERISTICS



Arce



Burl Grain



Open Knots



Bird's Eye

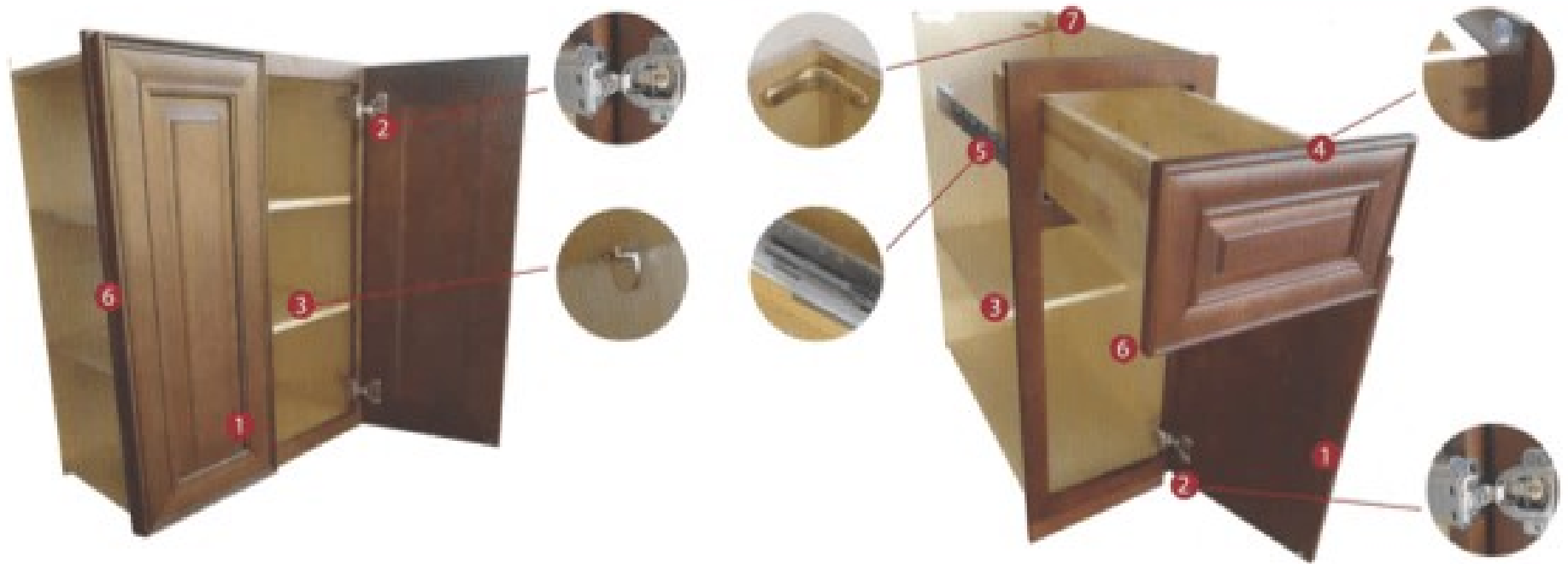


Mineral Streaks



Heartwood

# CABINET CONSTRUCTION



- ❶ *Full overlay* 3/4" thick door panel
- ❷ *6-way adjustable* European hidden metal hinges(with soft-close)
- ❸ Adjustable, 5/8" - 3/4" thick cabinet-grade plywood shelf w/ metal shelf rests
- ❹ *Dovetail drawer*, 1/2" thick solid wood sides
- ❺ *Full extension*, under-mounted, *soft-close*, steel concealed drawer glides
- ❻ (1/2"- 5/8" *framed*, 3/4" *frameless*) thick cabinet grade plywood box
- ❼ *Metal bracket reinforcements* for base cabinets

We glue our cabinets using non-toxic hot glue.